

58136 to 58152—Continued.

58140. *BERBERIS POLYANTHA* Hemsl.

A deciduous shrub 6 to 10 feet high, with simple or 3-pronged thorns, obovate leaves, mostly rounded at the apex, and yellow flowers, which are produced during June and July in drooping panicles. The berries are red. Native to China. (Adapted from *Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles*, vol. 1, p. 246.)

For previous introduction see S. P. I. No. 53638.

58141. *BERBERIS SOULIEANA* C. Schneid.

An evergreen shrub 3 to 6 feet high, with leathery, lanceolate, spiny serrate leaves 2 to 4 inches long and brownish yellow flowers in clusters of 2 to 15. The black ellipsoid berries are about five-eighths of an inch long. Native to China. (Adapted from *Curtis's Botanical Magazine*, vol. 134, pl. 8185, under *Berberis acuminata* Stapf.)

For previous introduction see S. P. I. No. 49930.

58142. *BERBERIS STAFFIANA* C. Schneid.

A partly evergreen shrub, 5 to 6 feet high with spreading arching stems, pale-yellow flowers, and carmine-red berries. Native to western China.

For previous introduction see S. P. I. No. 53640.

58143. *BERBERIS SUBCAULALATA* C. Schneid.

For previous introduction and description see S. P. I. No. 58120.

58144. *CORNUS BRETSCHNEIDERI* J. Henry. Dogwood.

A shrub up to 12 feet in height, with green or purplish branches, oval, hairy leaves, and dense clusters of bluish black berries.

For previous introduction see S. P. I. No. 42188.

58145 to 58151. *COTONEASTER* spp. Malacae.58145. *COTONEASTER AFFINIS* OBTUSA (Wall.) C. Schneid.

An upright slender-branched shrub, with bright-green leaves and globose dark-brown fruits. Native to the Himalayas. (Adapted from *Schneider, Illustriertes Handbuch der Laubholzkunde*, vol. 1, p. 757.)

58146. *COTONEASTER HARROVIANA* Wilson.

For previous introduction and description see S. P. I. No. 58134.

58147. *COTONEASTER HEBEPHYLLA* Diels.

A very ornamental deciduous shrub, 10 to 18 feet in height. It has long, rambling branches, white flowers, and dark-carmine fruits. (*J. F. Rock, note under S. P. I. No. 55873.*)

58148. *COTONEASTER HUPEHENSIS* Rehd. and Wils.

A strong-growing, shrubby, black-fruited species, with graceful spreading branches, attractive white flowers, and crimson globose fruits. (*Arnold Arboretum, Bulletin of Popular Information*, No. 19.)

For previous introduction see S. P. I. No. 44079.

58149. *COTONEASTER LINDLEYI* Steud.

A large shrub or small tree, with semideciduous dark-green leaves, corymbs of white flowers, and bluish black fruits. Native to the north-western Himalayas. (Adapted from *Schneider, Handbuch der Laubholzkunde*, vol. 1, p. 757.)

For previous introduction see S. P. I. No. 53683.

58136 to 58152—Continued.

58150. *COTONEASTER MELANOCARPA* LAXIFLORA (Jacq.) C. Schneid.

A spreading shrub which becomes about 12 feet high, with oval dark-green leaves, grayish white beneath, gracefully pendulous clusters of pinkish white flowers, and black globose fruits. This Siberian species is one of the most attractive of the black-fruited cotoneasters. (Adapted from *Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles*, vol. 1, p. 412.)

For previous introduction see S. P. I. No. 53685.

58151. *COTONEASTER RACEMIFLORA* (Desf.) Koch.

A low shrub from northern Africa and western Asia, with roundish leaves, slightly hairy beneath, and short-stalked cymes of white flowers, followed by red fruits. Received as *Cotoneaster fontanesi*, for which *C. racemiflora* is the earlier name.

For previous introduction see S. P. I. No. 53690.

58152. *HYDRANGEA BRETSCHNEIDERI* Dipp. Hydrangeaceae.

A stout bushy shrub 8 or 10 feet high, with dull-green slender-pointed leaves and flattened corymbs, 4 or 5 inches wide, of white flowers, which become rosy. This hardy hydrangea was first discovered in the mountains near Peking, China, and thrives best in a sunny position in good soil. (Adapted from *Bean, Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles*, vol. 1, p. 624.)

For previous introduction see S. P. I. No. 42189.

58153 to 58357.

From Siberia. Seeds presented by Prof. T. D. A. Cockerell, University of Colorado. Received November 2, 1923.

58153. *ACTINIDIA KOLOMIKTA* (Maxim.) Rupr. Dilleniaceae.

Razdolnoe. From Nikolsk Ussuriiskii.

58154. *ALLIUM CEPA* L. Liliaceae. Onion.

Sweet onion. From Okeanskaia, Olshin.

58155 to 58189. *AVENA SATIVA* L. Poaceae. Oats.

58155. *Blagodatnoe*. From Nikolsk Ussuriiskii.

58156. *Bogatirka*. From Nikolsk Ussuriiskii.

58157. *Chernigovka*. From Spassk.

58158. *Chernishevka*. From Spassk.

58159. *Chorol*. From Nikolsk Ussuriiskii.

58160. *Grodekovo*. From Nikolsk Ussuriiskii.

58161. *Innokentievka*. From Spassk.

58162. *Ivanovka*. From Nikolsk Ussuriiskii.

58163. *Kabarga*. From Spassk.

58164. *Krasnoe*. From Posetski.

58165. *Kremovo*. From Nikolsk Ussuriiskii.

58166. *Kuchuki*. From Nikolsk Ussuriiskii.

58167. *Margaritovo*. From Olshin.

58168. *Nizhni Janchich*. From Posetski.

58169 to 58177. From Nikolsk Ussuriiskii.

58169. *Novo-Belmanovka*.

58170. *Novorjatkovo*.

58171. *Novo-Kashalinsk*.

58172. *Novo-Nikolaevka*.

58173. *Novo-Troitzkoe*.

58174. *Osinovka*.